THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 622)

Company Limited by Shares

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

(As adopted by Special Resolution passed on 22 June 2022)

OF

SILVER GRANT INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS GROUP LIMITED
（銀建國際控股集團有限公司）

Model Articles

1. No regulations contained in Schedule 1 to The Companies (Model Articles) Notice (Cap. 622H) shall apply to the Company. — Other regulations excluded.

Interpretation

2. The marginal notes to these Articles shall not be deemed to be part of these Articles and shall not affect their interpretation and in the interpretation of these Articles, unless there be something in the subject or context inconsistent therewith:— — Interpretation.

"these Articles" or "these presents" shall mean these Articles of Association in their present form and all supplementary, amended or substituted articles for the time being in force; — these Articles, these presents.

"associate" shall have the same meaning as defined in the Listing Rules as modiýed from time to time; — associate.

"Auditors" shall mean the persons, duly appointed in accordance with the Companies Ordinance, performing the duties of that office for the time being; — Auditors.

"black rainstorm warning" shall have the same meaning as that set out in the Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance (Chapter 1 of the Law of Hong Kong) as modiýed from time to time; — Black rainstorm warning

"the Board" shall mean the Directors or (as the context may require) the majority of Directors present and voting at a meeting of the Directors; — Board Director.

“business da,ness dn shall have the same meaning as that set out in Part 18 of

"hybrid meeting" shall mean a general meeting held and conducted by (i) physical attendance and participation by members, proxies and/or Directors at the Principal Meeting Place and where applicable, one or more Meeting Locations and (ii) virtual attendance and participation by members, proxies and/or Directors by means of electronic facilities;	hybrid meeting.
"Listing Rules" shall mean the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited as amended from time to time;	Listing Rules.
"Meeting Location" shall have the meaning given to it in Article 70A(a);	Meeting Location.
"month" shall mean a calendar month;	month.
"newspaper" shall mean a newspaper published daily and circulating generally in Hong Kong and speciýed from time to time in the list of newspapers issued and published in the Gazette by the Chief Secretary for Administration;	newspaper.
"physical meeting" shall mean a general meeting held and conducted by physical attendance and participation by members, proxies and/or Directors at the Principal Meeting Place and where applicable, one or more Meeting Locations;	physical meeting.
"Principal Meeting Place" shall have the meaning given to it in Article 67(b);	Principal Meeting Place.
"recognised clearing house" shall mean a recognised clearing house within the meaning of Part 1 of Schedule 1 to the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and any amendments thereto or reenactments thereof for the time being in force;	recognized clearing house.
"the register" shall mean the register of members and includes any branch register to be kept pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance;	the register.
"reporting documents" in relation to a financial year of the Company shall mean the documents set out in Section 357(2) of the Companies Ordinance;	reporting documents.
"seal" shall mean the common seal from time to time of the Company and includes, unless the context otherwise requires, any oxcial seal that the Company may have as permitted by these Articles and the Ordinance;	seal.

"Secretary" shall mean any person appointed by the Directors to perform any of the duties of that office and where two or more persons are appointed to act as joint secretaries, any one of those persons;

"share" shall mean the existing ordinary shares in the capital of the Company and shall include, where applicable, all such other additional shares of the Company in the same, or different class, issued, allotted or otherwise converted from time to time in accordance with these Articles;

"shareholders" or "members" shall mean the duly registered holders from time to time of the shares in the capital of the Company;

"special resolution" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in Section 564 of the Companies Ordinance;

"writing", "written" or "printing" shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including handwriting, printing, lithography, photography and other modes of representing or reproducing words or figures in a legible and non-transitory form or, to the extent permitted by and in accordance with the Companies Ordinance and other applicable laws, rules and regulations, any visible substitute for writing (including an electronic communication), or modes of (on)0.5 (s,).7 7, issued, allotteddispla.5 45 ( )Tovidcti anboArticl (

References to a document (including, but without limitation, a resolution in writing) being signed or executed include references to it being signed or executed under hand or under seal or by electronic signature or by electronic communication or by any other method and references to a notice or document include a notice or document recorded or stored in any digital, electronic, electrical, magnetic or other retrievable form or medium and information in visible form whether having physical substance or not.

References to a meeting shall mean a meeting convened and held in any manner permitted by these Articles, and any members, proxies and/or Directors (including, without limitation, the Chairman) attending and participating by means of electronic facilities shall be deemed to be present at that meeting for all purposes of the Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules and other applicable laws, rules and regulations or these Articles, and attend, participate, attending, participating, attendance and participation shall be construed accordingly.

References to a person's participation in the business of a general meeting include without limitation and as relevant the right (including, in the case of a corporation, through a duly authorised representative) to listen, speak, vote, be represented by a proxy and have access in hard copy or electronic form to all documents which are required by the Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules and applicable laws, rules and regulations or these Articles to be made available at the meeting, and participate and participating in the business of a general meeting shall be construed accordingly.

References to electronic facilities include, without limitation, online platform(s), website addresses, webinars, webcast, video or any form of conference call systems (telephone, video, web or otherwise).

Name of Company

3. The name of the Company is "**Silver Grant International Holdings Group Limited (銀建國際控股集團有限公司)**". Company name.

Registered Office

4. The registered office of the Company will situate in Hong Kong. Registered office.

5. Intentionally left blank.

Liabilities of the Members

6. The liability of the members of the Company is limited. Member's liabilities

7. The liability of the members of the Company is limited to any amount unpaid on the shares held by the members.

Share Capital and Modification of Rights

Allotment and issue of shares.

8. (a) Without prejudice to any special rights for the time being attached to any existing shares, any share in one or different class may be allotted and issued upon such terms and conditions and with such preferred, deferred, or other special rights or privileges, or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of share capital, or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution determine (or, in the absence of any such determination, or so for as the same may not make specific provision, as the Board may determine), and any preference share may be issued on the terms that it is, or at the option of the Company is liable, to be redeemed. The Board may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of such shares.

Warrants.

(b) The Board may issue warrants to subscribe for any class of shares or securities of the Company on such terms as it may from time to time determine.

How rights of shares may be modified.

9. (a) Without prejudice to any special rights conferred on the holders of any existing shares, the shares in the original or any increased capital of the Company may, subject to the provision of the Companies Ordinance, be divided into different classes of shares as the Company may from time to time determine by a special resolution in general meeting.

(b) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than 75% of the total voting rights of holders of the issued shares of that class (if the capital is divided into different classes of shares), or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a general meeting of the holders of the shares or at a separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of the class (if the capital is divided into different classes of shares). To every such separate general meeting the provisions of these Articles relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be not less than 2 persons at least holding or representing by proxy or by authorised representative one-third of the total voting rights of holders of the issued shares of that class, that every holder of shares of the class shall be entitled on a poll to one vote for every such share held by him, that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy or by authorised representative may demand a poll and that at any adjourned meeting or postponed meeting of such holders one holder present in person or by proxy or by authorised representative (whatever the number of shares held by him) shall be a quorum.

(c) The provisions of this Article shall apply to the variation or abrogation of the special rights attached to some only of the shares of any class as if each group of shares of the class differently treated formed a separate class the rights whereof are to be varied.

(d) The special rights conferred upon the holders of any shares or class of shares shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided in the rights attaching thereto or the terms of issue of such shares, be deemed to be altered by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.

Shares and Increase of Capital

10. The Company may exercise any powers conferred or permitted by the Ordinance or any other ordinance from time to time to buy back its own shares or to give directly or indirectly, by means of a loan, guarantee, the provision of security or otherwise, ýnancial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a purchase made or to be made by any person of any shares in the Company and should the Company buy back its own shares neither the Company nor the Board shall be required to select the shares to be bought back rateably or in any other particular manner as between the holders of shares of the same class or as between them and the holders of shares of any other class or in accordance with the rights as to dividends or capital conferred by any class of shares provided always that any such buy-back or financial assistance shall only be made or given in accordance with any relevant rules or regulations issued by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited or the Securities and Futures Commission from time to time.

Company to ýnance share buy-back.

11. The Company may from time to time, subject to the position of the Companies Ordinance, alter its share capital as permitted by section 170 of the Companies Ordinance.

Power to alter capital.

12. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of existing shares, any new shares shall be allotted and issued upon such terms and conditions and with such preferred, deferred, or other special rights or privileges, or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of share capital, or otherwise, as the Company in the general meeting resolving upon the creation thereof shall determine or, in the absence of any such determination, subject to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance and of these Articles, as the Board may determine; and in particular any such shares may be allotted and issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company and with a special or without any right of voting.

Conditions on which new shares to be allotted issued.

The Directors shall have the power to allot shares and/or grant rights, under an offer made to the members of the Company in proportion to their shareholdings in accordance with the Companies Ordinance.

13. The Company may, in accordance with the Companies Ordinance, before the issue of any new shares, determine that the same, or any of them, shall be offered in the first instance, to all the existing holders of any class of shares in proportions as nearly as may be to the number of shares of such class held by them respectively, or make any other provisions as to the issue and allotment of the new shares, but in default of any such determination, or so far as the same shall not extend, the new shares may be dealt with as if they formed part of the shares in the capital of the Company existing prior to the issue of the new shares.

When to be oýered to existing members.

14. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue, or by these Articles, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be treated as if it formed part of the original capital of the Company, and such shares shall be subject to the provisions contained in these Articles with reference to the payment of calls and instalments, transfer and transmission, forfeiture, lien, cancellation, surrender, voting and otherwise.

New shares treated as forming part of original capital.

15. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance (and in particular Sections 140 and 141 thereof) and of these Articles relating to new shares, all unissued shares in the Company shall be at the disposal of the Board, which may offer, allot (with or without conferring a right of renunciation), grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times, for such consideration and generally on such terms as the Board shall in its absolute discretion think ýt.

Shares at the disposal of Board.

16. The Company may at any time pay a commission not exceeding ten per cent. to any person for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares in the Company, or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolute or conditional) for any shares in the Company, but so that if the commission shall be paid or payable out of capital the conditions and requirements of the Ordinance shall be observed and complied with, and the commission shall not exceed ten per cent. in each case, of the price at which the shares are issued.

Company may pay commission.

17. If any shares in the Company are issued for the purpose of raising money to defray the expenses of the construction of any works or buildings, or the provision of any plant which cannot be made proýtable for a lengthened period, the Company may pay interest on so much of such share capital as is for the time being paid up for the period and subject to the conditions and restrictions mentioned in the Ordinance, may charge the sum so paid by way of interest to capital as part of the cost of construction of the works or buildings, or the provision of plant.

Power to charge interest to capital.

18. Except as otherwise expressly provided by these Articles or as required by law or as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share or any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

Company not to recognize trusts in respect of shares.

Register of Members and Share Certi f cates

19. (a) The Board shall cause to be kept a register of members, and there shall be entered therein the particulars required under the Companies Ordinance.

(b) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, if the Board considers it necessary or appropriate, the Company may establish and maintain a branch register of members at such location outside Hong Kong as the Board thinks ýt.

(c) The register shall be open for inspection by members provided that the Company may be permitted to close the register in accordance with section 632 of the Companies Ordinance.

20. Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register shall be entitled without payment to receive within such period of time as may be prescribed by the Companies Ordinance or the Listing Rules after allotment or lodgment of a transfer (or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide) one certificate for all his shares or, if he shall so request, in a case where the allotment or transfer is of a number of shares in excess of the number for the time being forming a stock exchange board lot, upon payment, e entit.er 9.9 (,064 (orauthorize.e 17 9y) by Board may)ei

Joint holders.

23. (a) The Company shall not be bound to register more than four persons as joint holders of any share.

(b) If any share shall stand in the names of two or more persons, the person first named in the register shall be deemed the sole holder thereof as regards service of notices and, subject to the provisions of these Articles, all or any other matters connected with the Company, except the transfer of the share.

Replacement of share certiýcates.

24. If a share certiýcate is defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be replaced on payment of a fee of such amount of not more than the maximum amount as may from time to time be permitted under the rules prescribed by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and on such terms and conditions, if any, as to publication of notices, evidence and indemnity as the Board thinks ýt and in the case of wearing out or defacement, after delivery up of the old certiýcate. In the case of destruction or loss, the person to whom such replacement certiýcate is given shall also bear and pay to the Company any exceptional costs and the reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incidental to the investigation by the Company of the evidence of such destruction or loss and of such indemnity. As regards the loss of share certiýcate, compliance for replacement certiýcate shall be made in accordance with Sections 162 to 169 of the Companies Ordinance.

Lien

Company's lien.

25. The Company shall have a ýrst and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid up share) for all moneys, whether presently payable or not, called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such share; and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien and charge on all shares (other than fully paid up shares) standing registered in the name of a member, whether singly or jointly with any other person or persons, for all the debts and liabilities of such member or his estate to the Company and whether the same shall have been incurred before or after notice to the Company of any equitable or other interest of any person other than such member, and whether the period for the payment or discharge of the same shall have actually arrived or not, and notwithstanding that the same are joint debts or liabilities of such member or his estate and any other person, whether a member of the Company or not. The Company's lien (if any) on a share shall extend to all dividends and bonuses declared in respect thereof. The Board may at any time either generally or in any particular case waive any lien that has arisen, or declare any share to be exempt wholly or partially from the provisions of this Article.

Lien extends to dividends and bonuses.

26. The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless some sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable or the liability or engagement in respect of which such lien exists is liable to be presently fulfilled or discharged, nor until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing or in such other form (including without limitation electronic form and by way of publication on the Company's website) and language(s) as may from time to time be permitted under the Listing Rules and applicable laws, rules and regulations, stating and demanding payment of the sum presently payable or specifying the liability or engagement and demanding fulfilment

39. Any sum which by the terms of allotment of a share is made payable upon allotment, or at any fixed date shall for all purposes of these Articles be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date fixed for payment, and in case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture and the like, shall apply as if such sums had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notiýed.

40. The Board may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, and either in money or money's worth, all or any part of the money uncalled and unpaid or instalments payable upon any shares held by him and upon all or any of the moneys so advanced the Company may pay interest at such rate (if any) not exceeding twenty per cent. per annum as the Board may decide provided that not until a call is made any payment in advance of a call shall not entitle the member to receive any dividend or to exercise any other rights or privileges as a member in respect of the shares or the due portion of the shares upon which payment has been advanced by such member before it is called up. The Board may at any time repay the amount

43. The Board may, in its absolute discretion refuse to register a transfer of any share (not being a fully paid up share) to a person of whom it does not approve or any share issued under any share incentive scheme for employees upon which a restriction on transfer imposed thereby still subsists, and it may also refuse to register any transfer of any share to more than four joint holders or any transfer of any share (not being a fully paid up share) on which the Company has a lien.

44. The Board may also decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless:-.

(i) a fee of such amount of not more than the maximum amount as may from time to time be permitted under the rules prescribed by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited or such lesser sum as the Board may from time to time require is paid to the Company for registering any transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to the shares involved or for otherwise making an entry in the register relating to such shares;

(ii) the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer;

47. Upon every transfer of shares the certificate held by the transferor shall be given up to be cancelled, and shall forthwith be cancelled accordingly, and if any of the shares included in the certiýcate so given up shall be retained by the transferor a new certificate in respect thereof shall be issued to him without charge. The Company shall also retain the transfer.

48. The registration of transfers may be suspended and the register closed at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine and either generally or in respect of any class of shares, provided always that such registration shall not be suspended or the register closed for more than thirty days in any year or, with the approval of the Company in general meeting in that year, sixty days in any year.

Transmission of Shares

49. In the case of the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the deceased was a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the deceased where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased holder (whether sole or joint) from any liability in respect of any share solely or jointly held by him.

50. Subject to the Companies Ordinance, any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may, upon such evidence as to his title being produced as may from time to time be required by the Board, and subject as hereinafter provided either be registered himself as holder of the share or elect to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee thereof.

51. If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects. If he shall elect to have his nominee registered, he shall testify his election by executing to his nominee a transfer of such share. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these presents relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer executed by such member.

52. A person becoming entitled to a sharsh a02m0.6 m2.30hTur 0.7 (d)0survivorse t it iet5daaoa

Forfeiture of Shares

53. If a member fails to pay any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, without prejudice to the provisions of Article 370.035 F 0 -elennotdice onhimt rquiuring pay
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58. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or Secretary of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of and he shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share, and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.

59. When any share shall have been forfeited, notice of the resolution shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture, and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the register, but no forfeiture shall be invalidated by any failure to

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62. The provisions of these Articles as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share,

(b) The Company may by special resolution reduce its share capital in such manner authorised and subject to any conditions prescribed by law. Reduction of capital.

General Meetings

64. The Company shall in each financial year hold a general meeting as annual general meetings within such period as required by the Companies Ordinance. The annual general meeting shall be convened by the Board to be held, subject to these Articles, at such time and place as it thinks ýt. When annual general meeting to be held.

65. Intentionally left blank.

66. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, convene a general meeting other than an annual general meeting, and general meetings shall also be convened on requisition as provided by the Companies Ordinance, or, in default, may be convened by the requisitionists. All general meetings (including annual general meeting, any adjourned meeting or postponed meeting) may be held in such manner either (a) as a physical meeting in any part of the world and at one or more locations as provided in Article 70A, or (b) as a hybrid meeting, as may be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion. Convening of general meetings.

67. (a) An annual general meeting shall be called by 21 days' notice in writing or in such other form (including without limitation electronic form and by way of publication on the Company's website) and language(s) as may from time to time be permitted under the Listing Rules and applicable laws, rules and regulations at the least, and all other general meetings of the Company shall be called by 14 days' notice in writing or in such other form (including without limitation electronic form and by way of publication on the Company's website) and language(s) as may from time to time be permitted under the Listing Rules and applicable laws, rules and regulations at the least. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and shall be given, in the manner hereinafter mentioned or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting, to such persons as are, under these Articles, entitled to receive such notices from the Company, provided that subject to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, a meeting of the Company shall notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this Article be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed:— Notices of meetings.

(i) In the case of a meeting called as the annual general meeting, by all members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and

(ii) In the case of any other general meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together holding not less than ninety-five per cent. of the total voting rights at the meeting of all members.

(b) The notice shall specify:

(i) the time and date of the meeting;

(ii) the place of the meeting and where there is more than one Meeting Location as determined by the Board pursuant to Article 70A, the principal place of the meeting ("**Principal Meeting Place**") and the other place or places of the meeting;

(iii) if the general meeting is to be a hybrid meeting, the notice shall include a statement to that effect and with details of the electronic facilities or electronic platform (which electronic facilities or electronic platform may vary from time to time and from meeting to meeting as the Board, in its sole discretion, may see fit) for attendance and participation by electronic facilities at the meeting or where such details will be made available by the Company prior to the meeting;

(iv) the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting; and

(v) in the case of a notice calling an annual general meeting, states that the meeting is an annual general meeting.

As to omission to given notice.

68. (a) The accidental omission to give any such notice to, or the non-receipt of any such notice by, any person entitled to receive such notice shall not invalidate any resolution passed or any proceeding at any such meeting.

(b) In cases where instruments of proxy are sent out with notices, the accidental omission to send such instrument of proxy to, or the non-receipt of such instrument of proxy by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate any resolution passed or any proceeding at any such meeting.

Proceedings at General Meetings

Special business.

69. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at a general meeting other than an annual general meeting, and also all business that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of sanctioning dividends, the reading, considering and adopting of the accounts and balance sheet and the reports of the Directors and the Auditors and other documents required to be annexed to the balance sheet, the election of the Directors and appointment of the Auditors and other officers in the place of those retiring, the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors, and the voting of remuneration or extra remuneration to the Directors.

Quorum.

70. For all purposes the quorum for a general meeting shall be two members present in person or (in the case of a member being a corporation) by its duly authorised representative or by proxy and entitled to vote. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless the requisite quorum shall be present at the commencement of the business.

Holding of meeting at two or more locations

70A. (a) The Board may, at its absolute discretion, arrange for members to attend a general meeting by simultaneous attendance and participation by means of electronic facilities at such location or locations in any part of the world ("**Meeting Location(s)**") as the Board may, at its absolute discretion, determine.

(b) All general meetings are subject to the followings, and where appropriate, all references to a "member" or "members" in this paragraph (b) shall include a duly authorised representative or duly authorised representatives or a proxy or proxies respectively:

(1) where a member is attending a Meeting Location and/or in the case of a hybrid meeting, the meeting shall be treated as having commenced if it has commenced at the Principal Meeting Place;

(2) members present in person or (in the case of a member being a corporation) by its duly authorised representative or by proxy at the Meeting Location(s) and/or members attending and participating in a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities shall be counted in the quorum for and entitled to vote at the meeting in question, and that meeting shall be duly constituted and its proceedings valid provided that the Chairman is satisfied that adequate electronic facilities are available throughout the meeting to ensure that members attending at all Meeting Locations and members participating in a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities are able to participate in the business for which the meeting has been convened;

(3) where members attend a meeting by being present at one of the Meeting Locations and/or where members attend and participate in a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities, a failure (for any reason) of the electronic facilities or communication equipment, or any other failure in the arrangements for enabling those in a Meeting Location other

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70C. If it appears to the Chairman that:

(a) the facilities at the Principal Meeting Place or at such other Meeting Location(s) at which the meeting may be attended have become inadequate for the purposes referred to in Article 70A or are otherwise not sufficient to allow the meeting to be conducted substantially in accordance with the provisions set out in the notice of the meeting; or

(b) in the case of a hybrid meeting, electronic facilities being made available by the Company have become inadequate; or

(c) it is not possible to ascertain the view of those present or to give all persons entitled to do so a reasonable opportunity to communicate and/or vote at the meeting; or

(d)

70E. If, after the sending of notice of a general meeting but before the meeting is held, or after the adjournment of a meeting but before the adjourned meeting is held (whether or not notice of the adjourned meeting is required), the Board, in its absolute discretion, considers that it is inappropriate, impracticable, unreasonable or undesirable for any reason to hold the general meeting on the date or at the time or place and/or by means of the electronic facilities specified in the notice calling the meeting, it may (a) postpone the meeting to another date and/or time and/or (b) change the place and/or electronic facilities and/or the form of the meeting, without approval from the members. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the Board shall have the power to provide in every notice calling a general meeting the circumstances in which a postponement or change of the relevant general meeting may occur automatically without further notice, including, without limitation, where black rainstorm warning, gala warning or other similar event is in force at any time prior to or at the time of the meeting on the day of the meeting. This Article shall be subject to the followings:

(a) when either (i) a meeting is postponed in accordance with this Article, or (ii) there is a change in the place and/or the form of the meeting, the Company shall, to the extent permitted by and subject to due compliance with the Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules and other applicable laws, rules and regulations, (aa) endeavour to post a notice of such postponement or change on the Company's website as soon as reasonably practicable (provided that failure to post such a notice shall not affect the automatic postponement or change of such meeting); and (bb) subject to and without prejudice to Article 73, unless already speciýed in the original notice of the meeting or included in the notice posted on the Company's website as stated above, the Board shall fix the

70F. All persons seeking to attend and participate in a hybrid meeting shall be responsible for maintaining adequate facilities to enable them to do so. Subject to Article 70C, any inability of a person or persons to attend or participate in a general meeting by way of electronic facilities shall not invalidate the proceedings of that meeting and/or resolutions passed at that meeting.

70G. Without prejudice to other provisions in Articles 70A to 70F, a physical meeting may also be held by means of such telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as permit all members participating in the meeting to listen, speak and vote thereat instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

71. If within fifteen minutes from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week and at such time and (where applicable) such place(s) and in such form and manner referred to in Article 66 as shall be decided by the Chairman, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within ýfteen minutes from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the member or members present in person or (in the case of a member being a corporation) by its duly authorised representative or by proxy shall be a quorum and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

72. The Chairman (if any) of the Board or, if he is absent or declines to take the chair at such meeting, the Vice Chairman of the Board (if any) shall take the chair at every general meeting, or, there be no such Chairman or Vice Chairman or, if at any general meeting neither of such Chairman or Vice Chairman is present within ýfteen minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, or both such persons decline to take the chair at such meeting, the Directors present shall choose one of their number to act as Chairman, or if one Director only is present he shall take the chair if he is willing to act as Chairman, and if no Director is present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair or if the Chairman chosen shall retire from the chair, then the members present shall choose one of their number to be the Chairman.

72A. Any Director (including without limitation, the Chairman) attending and participating at a meeting by means of electronic facilities shall be deemed

Power to adjourn general meeting. Business of adjourned meeting.

73. Subject to Article 70C, the Chairman may, with the consent of any general meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place as the meeting shall determine. Whenever a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days' notice, specifying the place, the day and the hour of the adjourned meeting shall be given in the same manner as in the case of an original meeting but it shall not be necessary to specify in such notice the nature of the business to be transacted at the adjourned meeting. Save as aforesaid, no member shall be entitled to any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at any adjourned meeting. No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

How questions are to be decided.

74. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands):—

(a) a poll is demanded:

(i) by the Chairman; or

(ii) by at least five members present in person or by proxy for the time being entitled to vote at the meeting; or

(iii) by any member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than 5% of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting; or

(b) a poll is required under the provisions of the Listing Rules and/or any other applicable laws, rules and regulations.

If the Chairman, before or on the declaration of the result on a show of hands, knows from the proxies received by the Company that the result on a show of hands will be different from that on a poll, the Chairman must demand a poll.

What to be evidence of the passing of a resolution where poll not demanded.

Unless a poll be so demanded and the demand is not withdrawn, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour or against such resolution.

75. If a poll is demanded as aforesaid, it shall (subject as provided in Article 76) be taken in such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets or through electronic facilities) and at such time and place, not being more than thirty days from the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting at which the poll was demanded, as the Chairman directs. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn, with the consent of the Chairman, at any time before the close of the meeting or the taking of the poll, whichever is the earlier. The result of the poll, whether or not declared by the Chairman at the meeting, or any adjourned meeting or postponed meeting, shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The poll result, as recorded in the scrutineers' certificate and signed by the scrutineer, shall be the conclusive evidence of such resolution of the meeting without proof. The Company shall record in the minutes of the general meeting such result of the poll in accordance with the Companies Ordinance.

76. Any poll duly demanded on the election of a chairman of a meeting or on any question of adjournment shall be taken at the meeting and without adjournment.

77. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded, shall be entitled to a second or casting vote. In case of any dispute as to the admission or rejection of any vote, the Chairman shall determine the same, and such determination shall be ýnal and conclusive.

78. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

82. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in cases of mental disorders, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee, receiver, *curator bonis*, or other person in the nature of a committee, receiver or *curator bonis* appointed by that court, and any such committee, receiver, *curator bonis* or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy, provided that such evidence as the Directors may require of the authority of the person claiming to vote shall have been deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting, or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting or poll, as the case may be.

Votes of member of unsound mind.

83. (a) Save as herein expressly provided, no person other than a member duly registered and who shall have paid everything for the time being due from him and payable to the Company in respect of his shares and is entitled to attend and vote shall be entitled to be present or to vote (save as proxy for another member) either personally or by proxy, or to be reckoned in a quorum (save as proxy for another member), at any general meeting.

Qualiýcation for voting.

(b) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, any vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairman, whose decision shall be ýnal and conclusive.

Objections to votes.

84. Any member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company or a meeting of the holder of any class of shares in the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to attend and vote instead of him. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. A member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion.

Proxies.

85. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing and if the Board in its absolute discretion determines, may be contained in an electronic communication, and: (i) if in writing but not contained in an electronic communication, under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if the appointor is a corporation, either under seal, or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised; or (ii) in the case of an appointment contained in an electronic communication, submitted by or on behalf of the appointer, subject to such terms and conditions and authenticated in such manner as the Board may in its absolute discretion determine.

Instrument appoint proxy to be in writing.

Appointment of proxy must be deposited.

86. (a) The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certiýed copy of that power or authority shall be (i) deposited at the registered office of the Company or at such other place as is specified in the notice of meeting or in the instrument of proxy issued by the Company or (ii) if an electronic address is specified by the Company, in the notice of meeting or in the instrument of proxy issued by the Company, specifically for the purpose of receiving such instruments and the aforesaid authorities and documents for that meeting, sent or transmitted by electronic means to such electronic address subject to any conditions or limitations imposed by the Company, (and as regards (ii), Section 828 of the Ordinance shall apply subject to the above and for the purpose of Section 828(7)(a) of the Ordinance, the period referred to under Section 823 of the Ordinance shall be 12 hours), in each case not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote, or into the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it was demanded, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. Only documents actually received by the Company shall be taken into accounts by the Company. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution, except at an adjourned meeting or postponed meeting or on a poll demanded at a meeting or an adjourned meeting or a postponed meeting in cases where the meeting was originally held within twelve months from such date. Delivery of an instrument appointing a proxy shall not preclude a member from attending and voting in person at the meeting or poll concerned and, in such event, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to be revoked. In calculating the periods for depositing the instrument appointing a proxy, no account is to be taken of any part of a day that is a public holiday.

(b) The Company may, at its absolute discretion, designate from time to time an electronic address or an electronic means of submission for the receipt of any document or information relating to proxies for a general meeting (including any instrument of proxy or invitation to appoint a proxy, any document necessary to show the validity of, or otherwise relating to, an appointment of proxy and notice of termination of the authority of a proxy). If such an electronic address or electronic means of submission is provided, the Company shall be deemed to have agreed that any such document or information (relating to proxies as aforesaid) may be sent by electronic means to that electronic address or by such electronic means of submission, subject as

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87. Every instrument of proxy, whether for a specified meeting or otherwise, shall be in such form as the Board may from time to time approve.

Form of proxy.

88. The instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a general meeting shall: (i) be deemed to confer authority upon the proxy to demand or join in demanding a poll and to vote on any resolution (or amendment thereto) put to the meeting for which it is given as the proxy thinks fit provided that any form issued to a member for use by him for appointing a proxy to attend and vote at a general meeting at which any business is to be transacted shall be such as to enable the member, according to his intention, to instruct the proxy to vote in favour of or against (or, in default of instructions, to exercise his discretion in respect of) each resolution dealing with any such business; and (ii) unless the contrary is stated therein, be valid as well for any adjournment or postponement of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates, provided that the meeting was originally held within twelve months from such date.

Authority under Instrument appointing proxy.

89. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or unsoundness of mind of the principal or revocation of the proxy or power of attorney or other authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the share in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, unsoundness of mind, revocation or transfer as aforesaid shall have been received by the Company at the registered office of the Company, or at such other place as is referred to in Article 86 of these Articles, prior to two hours before the commencement of the meeting, adjourned meeting, postponed meeting or poll, as the case may be, at which the proxy is used.

When vote by proxy valid though authority revoked.

90 (a) Any corporation which is a member of the Company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or of any class of members of the Company, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise as if it were an individual member of the Company. References in these Articles to a member present in person at a meeting shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include a corporation which is a member represented at the meeting by such duly authorized representative.

Corporation acting by representative at meetings.

(b) If a recognised clearing house (or its nominee) is a member of the Company, it may, by resolution of its directors or other governing body or by power of attorney, authorise such person or persons as it thinks ýt to act as its representative(s) or proxy(ies) at any general meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company provided that, if more than one person is so authorised, the authorisation shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such person is so authorised. A person so authorized shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the recognised clearing house (or its nominee) which he represents as that clearing house (or its nominee) could exercise in respect of such number and class of shares so speciýed as if it were an individual member of the Company.

Registered O f ce

91.

(d) An alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions with the Company and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified to the same extent *mutatis mutandis* as if he were a Director, but he shall not be entitled to receive from the Company in respect of his appointment as alternate Director any remuneration except only such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct.

95. A Director shall not be required hold any qualification shares but shall nevertheless be entitled to receive notice of and to attend and speak at all general meetings of the Company and at all separate meetings of the respective holders of all classes of shares of the Company.

96. The Directors shall be entitled to receive by way of remuneration for their services such sum as shall from time to time be determined by the Company in general meeting, such sum (unless otherwise directed by the resolution by which it is voted) to be divided amongst the Directors in such proportions and in such manner as the Board may agree or, failing agreement, equally, except that in such event any Director holding office for less than the whole of the relevant period in respect of which the remuneration is paid shall only rank in such division in proportion to the time during such period for which he has held o»ice. The foregoing provisions shall not apply to a Director who holds any salaried employment or office in the Company except in the case of sums paid in respect of Directors fees.

97. The Directors shall also be entitled to be repaid all travelling, hotel and other expenses reasonably incurred by them respectively in or about the performance of their duties as Directors, including their expenses of travelling to and from board meetings, committee meetings or general meetings or otherwise incurred whilst engaged in the business of the Company.

98. The Board may grant special remuneration to any Director who, being called upon, shall perform any special or extra services to or at the request of the Company. Such special remuneration may be made payable to such Director in addition to or in substitution for his ordinary remuneration as a Director, and may be made payable by way of salary, or commission, participation in proýts or otherwise as may be arranged.

99. Notwithstanding the foregoing Articles 96, 97 and 98, the remuneration of a Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Deputy Managing Director or other Executive Director or a Director appointed to anyL9—[illegible]URQJ

100. (a) A Director shall vacate his oxice: ð

When oxice of Director to be vacated.

(i) If he becomes bankrupt or has a receiving order made against him or suspends payment, or compounds with his creditors generally.

(ii) If he becomes of unsound mind.

(iii) If he absents himself from the meetings of the Board during a continuous period of six months without special leave of absence from the Board, and his alternate Director (if any) shall not during such period have attended in his stead, and the Board passes a resolution that he has by reason of such absence vacated his oxice.

(iv) If he becomes prohibited from being a Director by reason of any order made under any provision of the Companies Ordinance or any ordinance or any rule of law.

(v) If by notice in writing delivered to the Company at its registered oxice he resigns his oxice.

(vi) If he shall be removed from office by notice in writing served upon him signed by all his co-Directors.

(vii) If, having been appointed to an oxice under Article 115 hereof, he is dismissed or removed therefrom by the Board under Article 116.

(viii) If he shall be removed from oxice under Article 108.

(b) No person shall be required to vacate office or be ineligible for re-election or re-appointment as a Director, and no person shall be ineligible for appointment as a Director, by reason only of his having attained any particular age.

Directors may contract with Company.

101. (a) A Director may hold any other office or place of profit with the Company (except that of Auditor) in conjunction with his oxice of Director for such period and upon such terms as the Board may determine, and may be paid such extra remuneration therefor (whether by way of salary, commission, participation in profits or otherwise) as the Board may determine and such extra remuneration shall be in addition to any remuneration provided for by or pursuant to any other Article.

(b) A Director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as Auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director. Notwithstanding the provisions in this Article, the Company shall not, without the approval of members in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, enter into a service contract with a Director under which the guaranteed term of employment of such Director exceeds or may exceed three years.

(c) A Director of the Company may be or become a director or other officer of, or otherwise interested in, any company promoted by the Company or any other company in which the Company may be interested, and shall not be liable to account to the Company or the members for any remuneration, profits or other benefits received by him as a director or officer of or from his interest in such other company. The Board may also cause the voting power conferred by the shares in any other company held or owned by the Company or exercisable by it as director of such other company to be exercised in such manner in all respects as it thinks fit, including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing the Directors or any of them to be directors or officers of such other company, or voting or providing for the payment of remuneration to the directors or officers of such other company.

(d) A Director shall not vote or be counted in the quorum on any resolution of the Board concerning his own appointment as the holder of any office or place of profit with the Company or any other company in which the Company is interested (including the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof).

(e) Subject to the Listing Rules, where arrangements are under consideration concerning the appointment (including the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof) of two or more Directors to offices or places of profit with the Company or any other company in which the Company is interested, a separate resolution may be put in relation to each Director and in such case each of the Directors concerned shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment (or the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof).

(f) Subject to the Ordinance and to the next paragraph of this Article, no Director or proposed or intending Director shall be disqualified by this office from contracting with the Company, either with regard to his tenure of any office or place of profit or as vendor, purchaser or in any other manner whatsoever, nor shall any such contract or any other contract or arrangement in which any Director is in any way interested be liable to be avoided, nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company of the members for any remuneration, profit or other benefits realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relationship thereby established.

(g) A Director or any of his connected entities or associates who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a transaction, contract or arrangement (or a proposed transaction, contract or arrangement) with the Company that is significant in relation to the Company's business shall declare the nature and extent of his interest (or the connected entity's or associate's interest, as the case may be) at the meeting of the Board at which the question of entering into the transaction, contract or arrangement is first taken into consideration or in any other case by notice in writing and sent to other Directors, or by general notice sent to the Board or the Company, in each case in accordance with the Companies Ordinance. Subject to the Companies Ordinance, a general notice by a Director, for this purpose is a notice to the effect that: ð

(i) the Director (or his connected entity or associate) has an interest as a member, officer, employee or otherwise in a body corporate or firm specified in the notice (including any connected entity or associate of the Director that is a body corporate or firm) and the Director is to be regarded as interested in any transaction, contract or arrangement which may after the effective date of the notice be entered into with that specified body corporate or firm; or

(ii) the Director (or his connected entity or associate) is connected with a person specified in the notice (other than a body corporate or firm) (including any connected entity or associate of the Director who is not a body corporate or firm) and the Director is to be regarded as interest in any transaction, contract or arrangement which may after the effective date of the notice be entered into with that specified person,

which shall be deemed to be a sufficient declaration of interest in relation to any such transaction, contract or arrangement; provided that;—

(aa) such notice must state the nature and extent of the interest of the Director (or his connected entity or associate) in the specified body corporate or firm; or the nature of the Director's (or his connected entity's or associate's) connection with the specified person; and

(bb) such notice must be given at a meeting of the Board (or the Director takes reasonable steps to ensure that it is brought up and read at the next Board meeting after it is given) in which case it shall take effect on the date of the meeting of the Board or the next Board meeting (as the case may be); or in writing and sent to the Company in which case it shall take effect on the twenty-first day after the day on which it is sent, and the Company must send such general notice to the other Directors within 15 days after the day it receives that notice.

(iv) any contract or arrangement in which the Director or his close associate(s) (and if required by the Listing Rules, his associate(s)) is/are interested in the same manner as other holders of shares or debentures or other securities of the Company by virtue only of his or their interest in shares or debentures or other securities of the Company;

(v) any proposal or arrangement concerning the benefit of employees of the Company or its subsidiaries including (a) the adoption, modification or operation of a pension fund or retirement, death or disability benefits scheme which relates to the Director (or his close associate(s)) (and if required by the Listing Rules, his associate(s)) and employee(s) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries and does not provide in respect of any Director or his close associate(s) (and if required by the Listing Rules, his associate(s)) as such any privilege or advantage not generally accorded to the class of persons to which such scheme or fund relates; or (b) the adoption, modification or operation of any employees' share scheme or any share incentive or share option scheme under which the Director or his close associate(s) (and if required by the Listing Rules, his associate(s)) may beneýt.

For the purposes of this Article 101(h), "subsidiary" shall have the same meaning as deýned in Rule 1.01 of the Listing Rules.

(i) If any question shall arise at any meeting of the Board as to the materiality of the interest of a Director (other than the Chairman) or his close associate(s) and if required by the Listing Rules, his associate(s) or as to the entitlement of any Director (other than such Chairman) or any of his close associate(s) and if required by the Listing Rules, his associate(s) to vote or be counted in the quorum and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting or not to be counted in the quorum, such question shall be referred to the Chairman and his ruling in relation to such other Director shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the Director or any of his close associate(s) (and associate(s), as the case may be) concerned as known to such Director has not been fairly disclosed to the Board. If any question as aforesaid shall arise in respect of the Chairman such question shall be decided by a resolution of the Board (for which purpose such Chairman shall not be counted in the quorum but shall not vote thereon) and such resolution shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of such Chairman and of his close associate(s) (and associate(s), as the case may be) as known to such Chairman has not been fairly disclosed to the Board.

Rotation of Directors

102. Subject to the manner of retirement by rotation of Directors as from

108. The Company may by ordinary resolution remove any Director (including a Managing or other Executive Director) before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these Articles or in any agreement between the Company and such Director (but without prejudice to any claim which such Director may have for damages for any breach of any contract of service between him and the Company) and may elect another person in his stead. Any person so elected shall hold office for such time only as the Director in whose place he is elected would have held the same if he had not been removed.

Borrowing Powers

109. The Board may from time to time at its discretion exercise all the powers of the Company to raise or borrow, or to secure the payment of, any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital or any part thereof.

110 The Board may raise or secure the payment or repayment of such sum or sums in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as it thinks fit and in particular, by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities of the Company, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

111 Debentures, debenture stock, bonds and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

112. Any debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities may be issued and with any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, attending and voting at general meetings of the Company, appointment of Directors and otherwise.

113. (a) The Board shall cause a proper register to be kept, in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, of all mortgages

114. Where any uncalled capital of the Company is charged, all persons taking any subsequent charge, thereon shall take the same subject to such prior charge, and shall not be entitled, by notice to the members or otherwise, to obtain priority over such prior charge.

Charge of uncalled capital.

Managing Directors etc.

115. The Board may from time to time appoint any one or more of its body to the office of Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Deputy Managing Director or other Executive Director and/or such other office in the management of the Company as it may decide for such period and upon such terms as it thinks fit and upon such terms as to remuneration as it may decide in accordance with Article 99.

Power to appoint Managing Directors, etc.

116. Every Director appointed to an office under Article 115 hereof shall, subject to the provisions of any contract between himself and the Company with regard to his employment in such office, be liable to be dismissed or removed therefrom by the Board.

Removal of Managing Director, etc.

117. A Director appointed to an office under Article 115 hereof shall be subject to the same provisions as to resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company, and he shall (subject to the provisions of any contract between him and the Company) *ipso facto* and immediately cease to hold such office if he ceases to hold the office of Director for any cause.

Cessation of appointment.

118. The Board may from time to time entrust to and confer upon a Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Deputy Managing Director or Executive Director all or any of the powers of the Board that it may think fit. But the exercise of all powers by such Director shall be subject to such regulations and restrictions as the Board may from time to time make and impose, and the said powers may at any time be withdrawn, revoked or varied.

Powers may be delegated.

Powers of Directors

119. (a) Subject to any exercise by the Board of the powers conferred by Articles 118, 120, 121, 122, 128, 140 and 141 hereof, the management of the business of the Company shall be vested in the Board who, in addition to the powers and authorities by these Articles expressly conferred upon them, may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Company and are not hereby or by the Ordinance expressly directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting, but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Ordinance and of these Articles and to any regulations from time to time made by the Company in general meeting not being inconsistent with such provisions or these Articles: Provided that no regulation so made shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

General powers of Company vested in the Board.

(b) Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by these Articles it is hereby expressly declared that the Board shall have the following powers:—

(i) To give to any person the right or option of requiring at a future date that an allotment shall be made to him of any share at such agreed value.

(ii) To give any Directors, officers or servants of the Company an interest in any particular business or transaction or participation in the profits thereof or in the general proýts of the Company either in addition to or in substitution for a salary or other remuneration.

Managers

120. The Board may from time to time appoint a general manager, a manager or managers of the Company and may fix his or their remuneration either by way of salary or commission or by conferring the right to participation in the proýts of the Company or by a combination of two or more of these modes and pay the working expenses of any of the staff of the general manager, manager or managers who may be employed by him or them upon the business of the Company.

121. The appointment of such general manager, manager or managers may be for such period as the Board may decide, and the Board may confer

Proceedings of the Directors

Meetings of Directors, quorum, etc.

124. The Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings and proceedings as they think fit and may determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Unless otherwise determined two Directors shall be a quorum. For the purpose of this Article an alternate Director shall be counted in a quorum but notwithstanding that an alternate Director is an alternate for more than one Director he shall for quorum purposes count as only one Director. Any Director may participate in a meeting of the Board or of any such committee of the Board by means of a conference telephone or similar communication equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting are capable of hearing each other and speaking to each other throughout the meeting. A person participating in this way is deemed to be present in person at the meeting and is counted in a quorum and entitled to vote.

Convening of Board meeting.

125. A Director may, and on the request of a Director the Secretary shall, at any time summon a meeting of the Board. Notice thereof shall be given to each Director either in writing or by telephone or (if the recipient consents to it given to him in electronic form) by electronic means to an electronic address from time to time notiýed to the Company by such Director or (if the recipient consents to it made available on a website) by making it available on a website or in such other manner as the Board may from time to time determine. Provided however that notice need not be given to any Director for the time being absent from Hong Kong. A Director may waive notice of any meeting and any such waiver may be prospective or retrospective.

How questions to be decided.

126. Questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

Powers of meeting.

127. A meeting of the Board for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions by or under the Articles of the Company for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board generally.

128. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of its body as the Board thinks ýt, and it may, from time to time, revoke such delegation or revoke the appointment of and discharge any such committees either wholly or in part, and either as to person or purposes, but every committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed upon it by the Board.

Power to appoint committee and to delegate.

129. All acts done by any such committee in conformity with such regulations, and in fulfilment of the purposes for which it is appointed, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect, as if done by the Board, and the Board shall have power, with the consent of the Company in general meeting, to remunerate the members of any special committee, and charge such remuneration to the current expenses of the Company.

Acts of committee to be of same effect as acts of the Board.

130. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors.

Proceedings of committee.

131. All acts *bona fide* done by any meeting of the Board or by a committee of the Board, or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it shall be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Director or person acting as aforesaid or that he had by virtue of Article 100(a) ceased to be a Director, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and had not ceased to be a Director.

When acts of Directors or committee to be valid notwithstanding defects.

132. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the minimum number fixed by or pursuant to these Articles, the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that number, or of summoning a general meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose.

Directors' powers when vacancies exist.

133. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors in Hong Kong except such as are absent from Hong Kong or temporarily unable to act through ill-health or disability, and all the alternate Directors in Hong Kong whose appointors are absent from Hong Kong or are temporarily unable to act as aforesaid shall (so long as they constitute a quorum as provided in Article 124) be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more of the Directors or alternate Directors. A document in any form signed by all such Directors or alternate Directors, including the form of a circular or a memorandum, whereby a decision is purported to have been made by the Directors may be regarded as a resolution of the Directors for the purpose of this Article. Any such resolution in writing may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more of the Directors or alternate Directors. A notification of consent to such resolution given by a Director in writing to the Board by any means (including by means of electronic communication) shall be deemed to be his signature to such resolution in writing for the purpose of this Article.

Directors' resolutions in writing.

Minutes

Minutes of proceedings of meetings and Directors.

134. (a) The Board shall cause minutes to be made of:—

(i) all appointments of officers made by the Board;

(ii) the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Board and of committees appointed pursuant to Article 128; and

(iii) all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company and of the Board and of such committees.

(b) Any such minutes shall be conclusive evidence of any such proceedings if they purport to be signed by the Chairman at which the proceedings were held or by the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting.

President

President.

135. The Board may, at any time and from time to time, appoint any one of their number or any former Director of the Company who, in its opinion, has rendered outstanding services to the Company, or any other person to be President of the Company for life or any other period. The President shall not, by virtue of his office, be deemed a Director or be entitled to any remuneration. Nevertheless where he is not a Director he may, by invitation of the Board, attend meetings of the Board for the purpose of giving advice and the Board may remunerate him in respect of advice and assistance from time to time given by him.

Secretary

Appointment of Secretary.

136. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit, and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by the Board. Anything by the Ordinance or these Articles required or authorised to be done by or to the Secretary, if the office is vacant or there is for any other reason no Secretary capable of acting, may be done by or to any assistant or deputy Secretary, or if there is no assistant or deputy Secretary capable of acting, by or to any officer of the Company authorized generally or specially on that behalf by the Board. In the event that the Secretary appointed is a corporation or other body, it may act and sign by the hand of any one or more of its directors or officers duly authorised.

137. The Secretary shall (a), if an individual, ordinarily reside in Hong Kong, and (b), if a body corporate, have its registered office or a place of business in Hong Kong.

138. A provision of the Ordinance or of these Articles requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a Director and the Secretary shall not be satisýed by its being done by or to the same person acting both as Director and as or in place of the Secretary.

Management — Miscellaneous

139. (a) The Board shall provide for the safe custody of the seal which shall only be used by the authority of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised by the Board in that behalf, and every instrument to which the

Cheques and Banking arrangements.

140. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed as the case may be, in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine. The Company's banking account shall be kept with such banker or bankers as the Board shall from time to time determine.

Power to appoint attorney.

141. (a) The Board may from time to time, and at any time, by power of attorney under the common seal, appoint any company, firm or person, or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as it may think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Board may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers authorities and discretions vested in him.

Execution of deeds by attorney.

(b) The Company may, by writing under its common seal, empower any person, either generally or in respect of any specified matter, as its attorney, to execute deeds and instruments on its behalf and to enter into contracts and sign the same on its behalf in any place not situate within Hong Kong, and every deed signed by such attorney on behalf of the Company and under his seal shall bind the Company and have the same effect as if it were under the common seal of the Company.

Local boards.

142. The Board may establish any committees, local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in Hong Kong or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such committees, local boards or agencies and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any committee, local board, or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Board (other than its powers to make calls and forfeit shares), with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any local board, or any of them, to fill any vacancies therein, and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board may think ýt, and the Board may remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby.

143. The Board may establish and maintain or procure the establishment and maintenance of any contributory or non-contributory pension or superannuation funds for the benefit of, or give or procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances or emoluments to any persons who are or were at any time in the employment or service of the Company, or of any company which is a subsidiary of the Company, or is allied or associated with the Company or with any such subsidiary company, or who are or were at any time Directors or officers of the Company or of any such other company as

(b) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed the Board shall make all appropriations and applications of the reserves or profits and undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid up shares or debentures, or other securities and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto. For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution under this Article, the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to a capitalisation issue as it thinks fit, and in particular, may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members in respect of fractional entitlements or that fractions of such value (as the Board may determine) may be disregarded in order to adjust the rights of all parties or that fractional entitlements shall be aggregated and sold and the benefit shall accrue to the Company rather than to the members concerned. The Board may appoint any person to sign on behalf of the persons entitled to share in a capitalisation issue and such appointment shall be effective and binding upon all concerned, and the contract may provide for the acceptance by such persons of the shares, debentures or other securities to be allotted and distributed to them respectively in satisfaction of their claims in respect of the sum so capitalised.

Effect of resolution to capitalise.

Dividends and Reserves

145. The Company in general meeting may declare dividends in any currency, but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

Power to declare dividends.

146. (a) The Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to the Board to be justified by the profits of the Company, and in particular (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) if at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes, the Board may pay such interim dividends in respect of those shares in the capital of the Company which confer on the holders thereof deferred or non-preferential rights as well as in respect of those shares which confer on the holders thereof preferential rights with regard to dividend and provided that the Board acts *bona fide* the Board shall not incur any responsibility to the holders of shares conferring any preference for any damage that they may suffer by reason of the payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferential rights.

Board's power to pay interim dividends.

(b) The Board may also pay half-yearly or at other suitable intervals to be settled by it any dividend which may be payable at a fixed rate if the Board is of the opinion that the profits justify the payment.

147. (a) No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits of the Company. No dividend shall carry interest.

Provisions as to dividends.

(b) For so long as any share issued under any share incentive scheme for employees remains subject to restrictions on dividends, voting and transfer imposed thereby, but without prejudice to the entitlement of the holder of such share to participate in any distribution on capitalisation of reserves under Article 142, no dividend whether payable in cash or in specie or by way of allotment of fully paid shares under Article 148 hereof shall be declared or paid on such share.

Dividend in specie.

148. Whenever the Board or the Company in general meeting have resolved that a dividend be paid or declared, the Board may further resolve that such dividend be satisýed wholly or in part by the distribution of speciýc assets of any kind and in particular of paid up shares, debentures or warrants to subscribe securities of the Company or any other company, or in any one or more of such ways, and where any diꢀculty arises in regard to the distribution the Board may settle the same as it considers expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certiýcates, disregard fractional entitlements or round the same up or down, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets, or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Board and may appoint any person to sign any requisite instruments of transfer and other documents on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend, and such appointment shall be effective. The Board may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend, and such appointment shall be eꢀective.

Scrip dividends.

149. (a) Whenever the Board or the Company in general meeting have resolved that a dividend be paid or declared on the share capital of the Company, the Board may further resolve:—

either

(i) That such dividend be satisfied wholly or in part in the form of an allotment of. shares credited as fully paid provided that the shareholders entitled thereto will be entitled to elect to receive such dividend (or part thereof) in cash in lieu of such allotment. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:—

(aa) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Board;

(bb) the Board, after determining the basis of allotment, shall give not less than two weeks' notice in writing to the holders of the relevant shares of the right of election accorded to them and shall send with such notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place at which and the latest date and time by which duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be eꢀective;

(cc) the right of election may be exercised in respect of the in whole or part of that portion of the dividend in respect of which the right of election has been accorded;

(dd) the dividend (or that part of the dividend to be satisfied by the allotment of shares as aforesaid) shall not be payable in cash on shares in respect whereof the cash election has not been duly

(dd) the dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been accorded) shall not be payable in cash on shares in respect whereof the share election has been duly exercised ("**the elected shares**") and in lieu thereof shares shall be allotted credited as fully paid to the holders of the elected shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose the Board shall capitalise and apply out of any part of the undivided profits of the Company or any part of any of the Company's reserve accounts, (including any special account, (if there be any such reserves)) a sum equal to

(c) The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any capitalisation pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a), with full power to the Board to make such provisions as it thinks fit in the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby, in whole or in part, fractional entitlements are aggregated and sold and the net proceeds distributed to those entitled, or are disregarded or rounded up or down or whereby the beneýt of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than to the members concerned). The Board may authorise any person to enter into, on behalf of all members interested, an agreement with the Company providing for such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made pursuant to such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.

(d) The Company may upon the recommendation of the Board by special resolution resolve in respect of any particular dividend of the Company that notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this Article a dividend may be satisýed wholly in the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid without oýering any right to shareholders to elect to receive such dividend in cash in lieu of such allotment.

(e) The Board may on any occasion determine that an allotment of shares under paragraph (a)(i) of this Article or a right of election to receive an allotment of shares under paragraph (a)(ii) of this Article shall not be made or made available to any shareholders with registered addresses in any territory where in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities the allotment of shares or the circulation of an oýer of such right of election would or might be unlawful, and in such event the provisions aforesaid shall be read and construed subject to such determination.

150. The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the proýts of the Company such sums as it thinks ýt as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for meeting claims on or liabilities of the Company or contingencies or for paying off any loan capital or for equalising dividends or for any other purpose to which the proýts of the Company may be properly applied, and pending such application may, at the like discretion, either by employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (otherp0f5 (rp0f)nr the.5 ( )0.bet Td§ 1 Tf0.006 Tc 0 -1e Cofrom time avatime

151. Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividend, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid up on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but no amount paid up or credited as paid up on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this Article as paid up on the share. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid up on the shares during any portion or

158. Any resolution declaring a dividend on shares of any class, whether a resolution of the Company in general meeting or a resolution of the Board, may specify that the same shall be payable or distributable to the persons registered as the holders of such shares on a particular date or at a point of time on a particular date, notwithstanding that it may be a date prior to that on which the resolution is passed, and thereupon the dividend shall be payable or distributable to them in accordance with their respective holdings so registered, but without prejudice to the rights *inter se* in respect of such dividend of transferors and transferees of any such shares. The provisions of this Article shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to bonuses, capitalization issue, distributions of realised capital profits or offers or grants made by the Company to the members.

Untraceable Members

159. Without prejudice to the rights of the Company under Article 157, the Company may cease sending such cheques for dividend entitlements or dividend warrants by post if such cheques or warrants have been left uncashed on two consecutive occasions. However, the Company may exercise the power to cease sending cheques for dividend entitlements or dividend warrants after

For the purpose of the foregoing, “relevant period” means the period commencing twelve years before the date of publication of the advertisement referred to in paragraph (iii) of this Article and ending at the expiry of the

165. The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent, at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounting records of the Company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of the members not being Directors, and no member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any accounting records or document of the Company, except as conferred by the Ordinance or authorised by the Directors or by the Company in general meeting.

166 (a) The Board shall from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance and the Listing Rules causes to be prepared and laid before the Company at its annual general meeting the reporting documents.

(b) Subject to paragraph (c) below, the Company shall (subject to compliance with the relevant provisions of the Companies Ordinance and the Listing Rules) send to every entitled person a copy of the reporting documents or the summary financial report not less than twenty-one days before the date of general meeting before which the reporting documents shall be laid.

(c) Where any entitled person ("Consenting Person") has, in accordance with the Companies Ordinance and the Listing Rules and any applicable laws, rules and regulations, agreed (or is regarded as having agreed, if applicable) that documents generally, or the reporting documents and/or the summary financial report (as the case may be), may be sent by the Company to the Consenting Person (i) by making it available on the Company's website, then the availability on the Company's website of the reporting documents and/ or the summary financial report (as the case may be) not less than twenty-one days before the date of the relevant general meeting; or (ii) in electronic form (other than by making it available on the Company's website), then sending the

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169. Every set of ýnancial statement audited by the Companyôs Auditors and presented by the Board at an annual general meeting, shall after approval at such meeting, be conclusive except as regards any error discovered therein within three months of the approval thereof. Whenever any such error is discovered within that period, it shall forthwith be corrected, and the statement amended in respect of the error shall be conclusive.

Notices

170. (a) Any notice or document (including any "corporate communication" within the meaning ascribed thereto under the Listing Rules and any amendments thereto for the time being in force) may be served or delivered by the Company or the Board on or to any member in the following manner, to the extent permitted by and subject to due compliance with the Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules and any applicable laws, rules and regulations:

(1) by serving it personally on the relevant person by hand;

(2) by sending it through the post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the relevant person at his registered address as appearing in the register or at any other address supplied by him to the Company for the purpose;

(3) by delivering or leaving it by hand at such address as aforesaid;

(4) by placing an advertisement in both an English language newspaper in English and a Chinese language newspaper in Chinese or other publications and where applicable, in accordance with the requirements of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited;

(5) by sending or transmitting xe5 (pt)0.5 r td.5 (ny m)0c(nsm)0.6 (i)0ror

(6) by publishing it on the Company's website to which the relevant person may have access, subject to the Company complying with the Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules and any other applicable laws, rules and regulations from time to time in force with regard to any requirements for the obtaining of consent (or deemed consent) from such person and/or for giving notification to any such person stating that the notice, document or publication is available on the Company's website (a "notice of availability"); or

(7) by sending or otherwise making it available to such person through such other means to the extent permitted by and in accordance with the Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules and other applicable laws, rules and regulations.

Notice of availability

(b) The notice of availability may be given by any of the means set out above other than by posting it on a website.

Notice to joint holders

170A. In the case of joint holders of a share all notices shall be given to that one of the joint holders whose name stands first in the register and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders.

Notice to other persons

170B. Every person who, by operation of law, transfer, transmission, or other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share, shall be bound by every notice, document and publication in respect of such share, which, prior to his name and address (including electronic address) being entered in the register as the registered holder of such share, shall have been duly given to the person from whom he derives title to such share.

Language of documents

170C. Subject to any applicable laws, rules and regulations and these Articles, any notice, document or publication, including but not limited to the documents referred to in Article 166 and any "corporate communication" within the meaning ascribed thereto in the Listing Rules, may be given in the English language only, in the Chinese language only or in both the English language and the Chinese language.

171. A member shall be entitled to have notices served on him at any address within Hong Kong or by any electronic means in compliance with these Articles, the Listing Rules and any applicable law, rules or regulations. Any member whose registered address is outside Hong Kong may notify the Company in writing of an address in Hong Kong which for the purpose of service of notice shall be deemed to be his registered address. A member who does not notify the Company of an address in Hong Kong may notify the Company of an address outside Hong Kong and the Company may serve notices on him at such overseas address. In the absence of notification by a member of an address in Hong Kong or overseas for the purpose of service of notice, such member shall be deemed to have received any notice which shall have been displayed at the registered office of the Company and shall have remained there for the space of twenty-four hours and such notice shall be deemed to have been received by such member on the day following that on which it shall have been ýrst so displayed.

Members out of Hong Kong.

172. Subject to the Companies Ordinance and the Listing Rules, any notice or document:

When notice or document deemed to be served.

(a) if sent by post by the Company shall be deemed to have been served on the second business day after that on which the envelope or wrapper containing the same is posted in Hong Kong and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the envelope or wrapper containing the notice or document was properly prepaid, addressed and posted and a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other person appointed by the Board that the envelope or wrapper containing the notice or document was so pre-paid, addressed and posted shall be conclusive evidence thereof;

(b) if made available by the Company by way of publication on the Company's website shall be deemed to have been duly served at the later of: (i) the time when the notice, document or publication is ýrst made available on the Company's website; and (ii) the time when the notice of availability of such notice or document or publication is sent in accordance with the Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules and other applicable laws, rules and regulations;

(c) if delivered personally or left at any such address referred to in Article 170(a)(2) by the Company shall be deemed to have been served at the time when the notice or document is delivered or left;

(d) if published as an advertisement in both an English language newspaper in English and a Chinese language newspaper in Chinese or other publication permitted under these Articles, shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the advertisement is ýrst published; and

(e) if sent or transmitted by electronic means (other than making it available on the Company's website), shall be deemed to be served at the time when the notice or document is sent or transmitted from the server of the Company or its agent; and in proving such transmission or sending of notice or document thereof, a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other person appointed by the Board as to the act and time of such transmission or sending of notice or document thereof, shall be conclusive evidence thereof.

173. Subject to the Companies Ordinance and the Listing Rules, a notice may be given by the Company to the person entitled to a share in consequence of the death, mental disorder or bankruptcy of a member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to him by name, or by the title of representative of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description, at the address, if any, within Hong Kong supplied for the purpose by the person claiming to be so entitled, or by any such means and in such form (including without limitation electronic form and by way of publication on the Company's website) and language(s) as may from time to time be permitted under the Listing Rules and applicable laws, rules and regulations, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death, mental disorder or bankruptcy had not occurred.

174. Any person who by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever shall become entitled to any share shall be bound by every notice in respect of such share which previously to his name and address being entered on the register shall be duly given to the person from whom he derives his title to such share.

(ii) It shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company:—

(aa) that every entry in the register purporting to be made on the basis of any such documents so destroyed was duly and properly made; and

(bb) that every such document so destroyed was valid and effective and had been duly and properly registered, cancelled, or recorded in the books or records of the Company, as the case may be.

(iii) (aa) The provisions aforesaid shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without notice of any claim (regardless of the parties thereto) to which the document might be relevant;

(bb) Nothing herein contained shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any other circumstances which would not attach to the Company in the absence of this Articles;

(cc) References herein to the destruction of any document include references to the disposal thereof in any manner.

Winding Up

Voluntary winding up

178A. If the Company shall be wound up, subject to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, not less than seventy-five per cent. of the total voting rights of the members in a general meeting shall be required to approve a voluntary winding up of the Company.

179. If the Company shall be wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary, under supervision or by the court) the liquidator may with the sanction of a special resolution and any other sanction required by the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Chapter 32 of the laws of Hong Kong), divide among the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and whether or not the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of properties of different kinds, and may for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may, with the like authority, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of members as the liquidator with the like authority shall think fit, and the liquidation of the Company may be closed and the Company dissolved, but so that no contributory shall be compelled to accept any shares or other assets in respect of which there is a liability.

180. In the event of a winding-up of the Company in Hong Kong, every member of the Company who is not for the time being in Hong Kong shall be bound, within fourteen days after the passing of an effective resolution to wind up the Company voluntarily, or the making of an order for the winding-up of the Company, to serve notice in writing on the Company appointing some person resident in Hong Kong and stating that person's full name, address and occupation upon whom all summonses, notices, process, orders and judgments in relation to or under the winding-up of the Company may be served, and in default of such nomination the liquidator of the Company shall be at liberty on behalf of such member to appoint some such person, and service upon any such appointee, whether appointed by the member or the liquidator, shall be deemed to be good personal service on such member for all purposes, and, where the liquidator makes any such appointment, he shall with all convenient speed give notice thereof to such member by advertisement in an English language newspaper in English and a C0 ser(l)2167 Tder ii (pCompa)07 (and sFjEof t)07asFjEof h a.5 (t)>

(b) Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by the Companies Ordinance, if any Director or other person shall become personally liable for the payment of anysum primarily due from the Company, the Board mayan
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We, the several persons whose names, addresses and descriptions are hereto subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite to our respective names:—

Names. Addresses and Descriptions of Subscribers	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber
N. C. CHANG (張楠昌)	